Licensing Act 2003

Memorandum of Understanding and Joint Enforcement Protocol signed between

Harrow Council (the Licensing Authority) and

- 1. Harrow Borough Division of the Metropolitan Police Service
- 2.LFEPA, Ealing and Harrow Team
- 3. Brent and Harrow Trading Standards Service
- 4. Harrow Council Area Child Protection Services
- 5. Harrow Council Community Safety Service
- 1. The above statutory organisations are the Parties to this Memorandum of Understanding and Joint Enforcement Protocol.
- 2. Harrow Council and Harrow Borough Division of the Metropolitan Police Service, LFEPA, Ealing and Harrow Team, Brent and Harrow Trading Standards Service, Harrow Council Area Child Protection Services, Harrow Council Community Safety Service aim to provide safe environments for the community of Harrow.
- 3. The Licensing Act 2003 introduces a new regime for the licensing of a variety of activities, including places where alcohol is sold and entertainment is provided. It sets out four licensing objectives which are to be promoted by licensing authorities, in conjunction with other "responsible authorities", as defined by the Act, and the holders of licences. The Act also defines other bodies as responsible authorities, with rights of consultation and objection to applications, but it is not thought that formal agreements will be required with these bodies.

These are:

- a. The prevention of crime and disorder
- b. The promotion of public safety
- c. The prevention of public nuisance
- d. The protection of children from harm
- 4. Each Party has enforcement responsibilities in relation to premises licensed under the Act and recognises the importance of effective co-operation and liaison to ensure that premises licence holders, designated premises supervisors, personal licence holders and club premises certificate holders understand and comply with the law.
- 5. The Government has strongly recommended that protocols be set up between authorities and this document has been prepared with that in mind.

- 6. The purpose of this document is to ensure efficient and effective cooperation between agencies when dealing with areas of mutual interest, to secure:
 - a. High levels of open communication between agencies
 - b. Clear lines of responsibility regarding enforcement of the law
 - c. Sharing intelligence, where appropriate to enable effective enforcement of the law

It sets out the steps that have been agreed to achieve that aim, in accordance with guidance issued by ODPM.

7. Communication

7.1 Good communication between agencies is vital to ensure that information of mutual interest is shared effectively and, in particular, where responses are required within a tight timescale to meet statutory periods for determination of applications, that deadlines can be met. It is important that each organisation has a reliable contact point, and will identify nominated officers and their deputies. There must be a clear understanding about when, where and how contact shall be made, including for emergencies.

8. Sharing Intelligence

8.1 The parties to this Memorandum of Understanding need to share information about premises and people currently licensed or proposed to be licensed, in such a way as to enable the effective operation of the licensing process. This agreement automatically enables the sharing of information by all parties in compliance with the rules on Data Protection, Freedom of Information and Human Rights.

9. Data Protection and exchange of information

- 9.1 Section 29 of the Data Protection Act 1998 allows for the exchange of information for the purposes of the prevention of crime or the apprehension of offenders.
- 9.2 Section 115 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 allows for information to be specifically exchanged between the Police and the Licensing Authority.
- 9.3 Parties to this Protocol may disclose information to other Parties for these purposes providing that the local Protocols applicable to each organisation for data protection are observed. Every request for information under the Act must be made in writing giving reasons why disclosure is necessary.
- 9.4 Information supplied must only be used for the purpose for which it is obtained, must be securely retained whilst in the possession of the responsible authority that has requested it, and must be securely disposed of when no longer required. It must not be further transmitted to a third party without the consent of the original authority that supplied the information.
- 9.5 This part of the Protocol may be supplemented by any Memorandum of Understanding on data exchange agreed either at a local or national level.

10. Enforcement Action

- 10.1 Enforcement action taken in respect of breaches of legislation will remain the responsibility of the agency designated for each piece of legislation, but the outcome of such action should be fed into the process for determining applications and reviewing the status of licences currently in force.
- 10.2 The Licensing Act does not transfer from the Police or the Fire Authority powers of enforcement for any pieces of legislation. From time to time, however, it may be expedient for joint inspections to be carried out by officers from the licensing authority and officers from one or more of the relevant responsible authorities.
- 10.3 Joint inspections will normally be conducted on the basis of a risk assessment applied to all licensed premises, or in response to specific complaints. Responsibility for seeking a joint inspection will rest with the responsible authority with the expertise in dealing with the complaint in question (eg the Environmental Health Service for prevention of nuisance; the Fire & Rescue Service for fire risk issues)

11. Relevant legislation:

- **a.** Licensing Act 2003 provides a clear focus on the promotion of the licensing objectives; introduces better and more proportionate regulation to give customers more choice, whilst providing the necessary protection for local residents and others.
- **b.** Police Act 1964 imposes a primary responsibility on the Police Authority to maintain an adequate and effective Police Force.
- c. Fire & Rescue Services Act 2004 places a duty on the Fire Authority to provide efficient arrangements for the giving, when requested, of advice in respect of buildings and other property as to fire prevention, restricting the spread of fires and means of escape in case of fire
- **d. Crime & Disorder Act 1998** places a statutory requirement on Police Services, Local Authorities and other agencies to tackle crime and disorder by working in partnership.

12. Offences

12.1 The Parties agree that the prime responsibility for enforcing the offences under the Act should lie as follows:

Note abbreviations, as follows:

LA = Licensing Authority

CPC = Club Premises Certificate

DPS = Designated Premises Supervisor

PLH = Premises Licence Holder

AO = Authorised Officer

Section	Offence	Authority
33 (6)	Failure to notify LA of change of name or address PLH or DPS	LA
40 (2)	Failure to notify existing DPS of variation to premises licence to exclude them	LA
41 (5)	Failure to provide premises licence to LA upon removal of DPS	LA
46 (4)	Failure to notify DPS of application for transfer of premises licence	LA
49 (5)	Failure to notify DPS of grant of interim authority notice	LA
56 (3)	Failure to provide premises licence at request of LA for amendment	LA
57 (4)	Failure to keep or display premises licence on premises	LA/Police
57 (7)	Failure to produce premises licence to an AO for examination	LA/Police
59 (5)	Obstruction of an AO entering premises to inspect before grant of a licence, review or a statement	LA/Police
82 (6)	Failure to notify of change of name or alteration of rules of a club	LA
83 (6)	Failure to notify of a change of registered address of club	LA
93 (3)	Failure to produce CPC for amendment within 14 days of LA request	LA
94 (5, 6, 9)	Duty to keep, display and produce club premises certificate at premises	LA/Police
96 (6)	Inspection of premises before grant etc of club premises certificate	LA/Police
108 (3)	Obstruction of an AO in inspecting temporary event premises	LA/Police
109 (5)	Failure to keep or display	LA/Police

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	temporary event notice on premises	
109 (8)	•	LA/Police
109 (8)	Failure to produce temporary event notice to an AO	LATONICE
123 (2)	Failure to notify LA of conviction	LA
123 (2)	for relevant offence during	
	application or renewal period	
127 (4)	Failure to notify LA of change of	LA
127 (4)	name or address of personal	LA
	licence holder	
128 (6)	Fail to notify court of personal	Police or LA
120 (0)	licence or "notifiable event" when	1 Olice of L/V
	being dealt with for a relevant	
	offence	
132 (4)	Failure to notify LA of conviction	LA
102 (1)	for relevant or foreign offence	
134 (5)	Failure to produce personal licence	LA
(0)	within 14 days to LA for updating	
135 (4)	Failure to produce personal licence	LA or Police
(1)	to an AO whilst on premises to sell	
	or authorise sale of alcohol	
136 (1)	Allowing licensable activities	LA or Police
, ,	otherwise than in accordance with	
	an authorisation	
137 (1)	Unauthorised exposure for retail	LA or Police
. ,	sale of alcohol	
138 (1)	Unauthorised possession of	LA or Police
	alcohol with intent to sell or supply	
140 (1)	Allowing disorderly conduct on	Police or LA
	licensed premises	
141 (1)	Sale or supply of alcohol to person	Police or LA
	who is drunk	
142 (1)	Obtaining alcohol for a person who	Police or LA
4.40 (4)	is drunk	D !!
143 (1)	Failure to leave licensed premises	Police
	following a request from a PC or	
444 (4)	AO	Delice
144 (1)	Keeping unlawfully imported goods	Police
145 (1)	on relevant premises	LA or Police
145 (1)	Allowing unaccompanied children under 16 on relevant premises	LA UI FUIICE
	when alcohol is being supplied	
146 (1, 2,	Sale or supply of alcohol to	LA, Police or Trading
3)	children under 18	Standards
147 (1, 3)	Allowing sale or supply of alcohol	LA, Police or Trading
(1, 0)	to children under 18	Standards
148 (1, 2)	Sale or supply of liqueur	LA or Police
	confectionery to children under 16	
149 (1, 3,	Purchase or supply of alcohol by	LA or Police
, . , . ,	. a. or according or allocation by	

4)	or on behalf of children under 18	
150 (1, 2)	Consumption on relevant premises	LA or Police
	of alcohol by children under 18, or	
	knowingly allowing it to occur	
151 (1, 2,	Delivering or permitting others to	LA or Police
4)	deliver alcohol to children under 18	
152 (1)	Sending a child under 18 to obtain	LA or Police
	alcohol for consumption	
450 (4)	D ''''	
153 (1)	Permitting children under 18 to sell	LA or Police
156 (1)	or supply alcohol	Police
156 (1)	Sale of alcohol in or from a moving vehicle	Police
150 (1)	False statement in connection with	LA
158 (1)	a licensing application	LA
160 (4)	Keeping premises open in	Police or LA
100 (4)	contravention of an area closure	I Olice of LA
	order	
161 (6)	Permitting premises to be open in	Police or LA
(0)	contravention of a premises	
	closure order	
165 (7)	Permitting premises to be open in	Police or LA
	contravention of a Magistrates'	
	closure order	
179 (4)	Obstructing entry by a PC or an	LA/Police
	AO to premises intending to	
	inspect the carrying out of	
	licensable activity	
Conditions	Breach of Licence conditions	LA

13. Investigation of offences

- 13.1 When the licensing authority or a responsible authority has become aware of an offence and would like another more appropriate responsible authority (or the licensing authority) to take formal action, they will take the following steps:
- a. early discussion with the appropriate authority, including (unless in cases of extreme urgency) the licensing authority's enforcement officer
- b. supply the relevant authority in a timely manner all of the relevant evidence (whether subsequently used or unused)
- c. set out in writing details of the offence and request that the relevant authority take action
- 13.2 Once in receipt of a written request to take action the appropriate authority will:
- a. assess the facts and take appropriate action in accordance with its own enforcement policy. The appropriate authority will, unless immediate action is

required, commence an investigation within a maximum of 15 working days of receipt of the complaint.

b. inform the authority that initiated the complaint, and any other relevant authority, of the action taken, and reasons why.

14. Responsibility for Prosecutions

- 14.1 Section 186 of the Act provides that proceedings for offences under the Act may be instituted by:
 - a. the Licensing Authority
 - b. the Director of Public Prosecutions
 - c. for offences under Ss. 146 and 147, the Local Weights and Measures Authority
- 14.2 It is expected that the Police and the Weights & Measures Authority will normally bring proceedings, including the issue of formal cautions, as a result of offences, which they have investigated, unless, in the case of some minor offences, it is specifically agreed that the Licensing Authority will do so. (This may, for example, be part of a prosecution, which relates to a series of matters of which the offences form part).
- 14.3 In all other cases, the Licensing Authority will be the prosecuting authority.

15. Notification of prosecutions and cautions

- 15.1 Notwithstanding the duty of the court in section 131 (duty to notify the Licensing Authority of convictions) the appropriate prosecuting authority will inform the Licensing Authority within five working days of any conviction or caution under the Act.
- 15.2 The Licensing Authority for these purposes is the Licensing Authority that issued the personal licence, premises licence, club premises certificate or which received the temporary event notice, even if not a party to this Protocol.
- 15.3 The notification shall be in writing and shall state:
- a. the name and address of the person convicted or cautioned
- b. the nature and date of the conviction or caution and
- c. the details of any conviction including any order under section 129 of the Act.

16. Register of Cautions

16.1 The Licensing Authority will maintain a register of formal cautions issued to holders of personal licences, premises licences, club premises certificates or persons issuing a temporary event notice.

17. Liaison between Parties to this Agreement

- 17.1 Liaison meetings will take normally place between the Licensing Authority and the Police on a monthly basis, depending on the nature and quantity of business and with other responsible authorities on a basis to be agreed, but not less than annually.
- 17.2 Responsible Authorities will determine the basis for liaising with each other, but this will be not less than annually.

18. Consultation on applications

18.1 The Licensing Authority will consult with all responsible authorities on each application, in accordance with Regulations made under the Act.

(<u>NB</u> It is expected that this section will be expanded, once the Licensing On-Line package is operational. It is expected to have a seminar to introduce this package to all responsible authorities in early May)

In any event, each Licensing Authority will need to conclude specific agreements with the responsible Authorities)

19. Applications for review of a licence

- 19.1 This document recognises the right of any responsible authority to apply to the Licensing Authority for a licence or club premises certificate to be reviewed at any time.
- 19.2 Except in extreme cases (where there has been a serious incident of crime and disorder, a serious risk to public safety, a serious incident of public nuisance or a serious incident related to the protection of children from harm) the responsible authority seeking a review will be expected to:
- a. give an early indication to the Licensing Authority of the events requiring an application.
- b. seek an informal resolution to the matter if possible or appropriate.
- c. be able to demonstrate to the Licensing Committee hearing the application for a licence review that, where appropriate, alternative approaches to dealing with the situation leading to the application have first been attempted, in accordance with the authority's enforcement policy.

20. Procedural Review

20.1 All parties to this agreement shall periodically review this document to ensure that it maintains a suitable response and working arrangement for all licensing functions and achieves necessary feedback to assist in meeting the statutory objectives. It is suggested that the first review should take place not later than one year following the Second Appointed Day.

Signed
[NĂME]
XXX Council (Licensing Authority)
Date
Signed
[NAME]
Harrow Borough Division, Met. Police
Date
Signed
[NAME]
LFEPA, ealing and harrow Team
Date
Signed
[NAME]
Brent and Harrow Trading Standards Service
Date
O'd
Signed
[NAME] Harrow Area Child Protection Services
Date
Signed
[NAME]
Harrow Council (Environmental Health Service)
Date